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NEW SCHEME

First / Second Semester B.E. Degree Examination, July 2006 Common to All Branches Engineering Chemistry

Time: 3 hrs.] [Max. Marks:100

Note: I. Answer any FIVE questions.

- 1 a. What are liquid crystals? Explain the molecular ordering in the following liquid crystal phases:
 - i) Nematic phase.
 - ii) Chiral neumatic phase.
 - iii) Smectic phase.
 - b. Discuss the applications of liquid crystals in display system. (06 Marks)
 - c. What is biotechnology? How is ethanol biosynthesized from molasses?

(06 Marks)

(08 Marks)

- a. What is cracking of petroleum? Explain the process of fluidized bed catalytic cracking of petroleum.
 (06 Marks)
 - b. Define gross and net calorific value of a fuel. Explain bomb calorimetric method of determination of calorific value of a solid fuel. (08 Marks)
 - c. On burning 0.75×10^{-3} kg of a solid fuel in a bomb calorimeter, the temperature of 2.5 kg of water is increased from 24° C to 28° C. The water equivalent of calorimeter and latent heat of steam are 0.485 kg and 4.2×587 KJ/kg respectively. Specific heat of water is 4.2 KJ/kg/°C. If the fuel contains 2.5% hydrogen, calculate its gross and net calorific values. (06 Marks)
- a. Derive Nernst equation for single electrode. Explain the determination of single electrode potential using standard hydrogen electrode. (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the construction and working of the calomel electrode. (06 Marks)
 - c. A concentration cell was constructed by immersing two silver electrodes in 0.05 M and 0.1 M AgNO₃ solution. Write cell representation, cell reactions and calculate the emf of the concentration cell. (06 Marks)
- 4 a. Discuss the following battery characteristics:
 - i) Capacity.
 - ii) Cycle-life. (06 Marks)
 - b. Explain the construction, working and application of lead-acid battery along with the reactions involved during discharging and charging. (08 Marks)
 - e. What are fuel cells? Explain the construction and working of MeOH-O₂ fuel cell. (06 Marks)
- 5 a. Explain the following types of corrosion:
 - Pitting corrosion.
 - ii) Water line corrosion. (06 Marks)
 - b. What is cathodic protection? Explain sacrificial anode and impressed current techniques for prevention of corrosion. (06 Marks)
 - c. What are the types of protective coatings? How do protective coatings help in controlling corrosion? (08 Marks)

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6 a. What is decomposition potential? How is it determined? What is its significance in electroplating? (06 Marks)

- b. Explain the principle involved in electroless plating. What are the advantages? Explain the electroless plating of copper. (68 Marks)
- c. Explain the role of the following factors on the nature of the electrodeposit.
 - Current density.
 - Throwing power.
 - iii) pH.

(06 Marks)

- a. Discuss the sources, ill effects and prevention of oxides of nitrogen. (08 Marks)
 - b. Write notes on :
 - Ozone depletion
 - Green house effect.

(06 Marks)

- c. Define COD. In a COD experiment, 29.5 cm³ and 20 cm³ of 0.025N FAS solution were required for blank and sample titration respectively. The volume of test sample used is 25 cm³. Calculate the COD of the sample solution. (06 Marks)
- 8 a. Discuss the mechanism involved in free radical polymerization of ethylene.
 (08 Marks)
 - b. Explain the manufacture and applications of the following:
 - i) Tefflon.
 - ii) Phenol-formaldehyde.

(06 Marks)

c. What are conducting polymers? Explain the synthesis and applications of polyaniline. (06 Marks)